

Clinical Guideline:	IV Fat Emulsion Clinical Practice Guideline SUMMARY*	
Effective Date:	December 2019; Revised June 2020	

*Refer to IV Fat Emulsion Clinical Practice Guideline for full guideline and references

IV Fat Emulsion (IVFE)	Composition				Major Fatty Acid Profile					Vitamin E	Phytosterols	Aluminum	Warning
	Soybean Oil	MCT Oil	Olive Oil	Fish Oil	LA n-6	ALA n-3	ARA n-6	EPA n-3	DHA n-3	Alpha- tocopherol	(pro-inflammatory, may contribute to liver injury)	(toxic to liver and bones)	for Preterm Infants
IntraLipid	100%	-	-		+++	++	None	None	None	+	+++		
SMOFlipid	30%	30%	25%	15%	++	+	+	++	+	++	+	≤ 25 mcg/L aluminum	Yes
Omegaven	-	-	-	100%	+	+	++	+++	++	+++	Minimal		

LA = Linoleic Acid; ALA = alpha-Linolenic Acid; ARA = Arachidonic Acid; EPA = Eicosapentaenoic Acid; DHA = Docosahexaenoic Acid

	IntraLipid 20%	SMOFlipid 20%	Omegaven 10%
Indication*: (IFALD = intestinal failure-associated liver disease) *Refer to full guideline for medication compatibility info	Standard IVFE for preterm infants	Delay/Prevent onset of IFALD in setting of prolonged PN course: ✓ Anticipated PN ≥ 21 days OR ✓ Anticipated PN ≥ 14 days with rising Direct Bili (1-1.9 mg/dL)	Treatment for established IFALD: ✓ Anticipated PN ≥ 14 days with Direct Bili >2 mg/dL
Initial Dose:	1 g/kg/day	1 g/kg/day OR max IntraLipid dose	1 g/kg/day
Advance Increment:	1 g/kg/day	1 g/kg/day	n/a
Goal Dose:	3 g/kg/day	3 g/kg/day* *Avoid doses < 2.5 g/kg/day for more than 2-3 days, due to concern for essential fatty acid deficiency	1 g/kg/day
Lab Monitoring: (TG = Triglyceride T/DB = Total/Direct Bilirubin LFTs = Liver Function Tests)	✓ Baseline TG once on goal dose (Consider checking during initial advancement, if clinical concern e.g. hyperglycemia or ELBW infant)	✓ Fatty Acid profile after 2-4 weeks of SMOFlipid therapy; follow-up Fatty Acid profile q2-4 weeks if concerning for EFAD	✓ Fatty Acid profile upon initiation of Omegaven; follow-up Fatty Acid profile q2-4 weeks if concerning for EFAD
	✓ Any infant on goal dose: Weekly TG, T/DB and LFTs	 ✓ Weekly fasting* TG *hold SMOFlipid for ≥ 4 hours ✓ Weekly T/DB and LFTs 	✓ Weekly TG✓ Weekly T/DB and LFTs
Hypertriglyceridemia Management: >250 mg/dL = Hypertriglyceridemia <200 mg/dL = goal for preterm infants Essential Fatty Acid Deficiency	 If TG > 250 mg/dL: ✓ Decrease to 1 g/kg/day ✓ Consider adding Carnitine in PN ✓ Monitor TG daily ✓ Once < 200 mg/dL, resume advances of 0.5-1 g/kg/day back to ✓ Avoid doses <1 g/kg/day if possible 	See IntraLipid management. If unable to advance to 2.5-3 g/kg/day within 3-5 days of SMOFlipid initiation, AND Direct Bili < 2 mg/dL: ✓ Change to IntraLipid 1 g/kg/day. AND Direct Bili ≥ 2 mg/dL: ✓ Change to Omegaven 1 g/kg/day. If EFAD on follow-up lab monitoring: ✓ Change to Omegaven 1 g/kg/day.	If TG > 250 mg/dL: ✓ Consider checking a fasting* TG level before decreasing dose to 0.5 g/kg/day *hold Omegaven for ≥ 4 hours
(EFAD): Triene:Tetraene > 0.2 (clinical signs present with chronic elevation > 0.4)	If EFAD or suboptimal growth on lipid restriction, consider increasing by 0.5 g/kg/day to max of 3 g/kg/day,	Change to Omegaven 1 g/kg/day	EFAD or suboptimal growth on 1 g/kg/day: Increase to 1.5 g/kg/day
Suboptimal Growth Management: Per RDN assessment. (Refer to Enteral Nutrition CPG)	while weighing benefit of EFAD or slow growth vs. degree of IFALD.	Optimize other macronutrients as able	EFAD or suboptimal growth on 1.5 g/kg/day: Change to IntraLipid 1 g/kg/day